

## EYFS & Key Stage 1 English Curriculum Map 2023 - 24

	Autumn	Spring	Summer
EYFS	Phonics- Recognise (read & write) Set 1 sounds: m a s d t / i n p g o / c k u b / f e l h / r j v y w / z x sh th ch qu ng nk	Phonics- Read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by sound blending. Recognise (read & write) Set 2 sounds Set 2 teaches 12 vowel sounds: ay ee igh ow oo oo ar or air ir ou oy	Phonics- Read aloud simple sentences, including some common exception words.
	<u>Writing</u> - Write recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed.	<u>Writing</u> - Spell words by identifying sounds in them and representing the sounds with a letter or letters.	<u>Writing</u> - Write simple phrases and sentences that can be read by others.
Year 1	Phonics- Recognise (write & read) Set 2 & 3 sounds. Set 3 is made up of alternative spellings of Set 2 sounds: ea oi e a-e i-e o-e u-e aw are ur er ow ai oa ew ire ear ure.	<u>Phonics</u> - Apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words. Respond speedily with the correct sound to graphemes (letters or groups of letters). Set 2 & 3.	Phonics- Read common exception words, noting unusual differences between spelling and sound. Children's ability to decode unfamiliar words is assessed using the Nonsense Word Cards.
	<u>Fiction</u> – Story writing, traditional tales <u>Non-fiction</u> – Victorian recount.	<u>Fiction</u> – Adventure/fantasy story <u>Non-fiction</u> – reports	<u>Fiction</u> – Poetry <u>Non-fiction</u> – Recounts, nature journeys
	<u>Writing</u> - Children practise composing a sentence orally by saying it out loud before they write it down.	Writing- Children repeat the process of orally composing then writing each sentence in order to build up a sequence of connected sentences	Writing- Re-reading what they have written to check that it makes sense. Checking for common errors in spelling or punctuation
Year 2	Phonics- Read previously taught words quickly and accurately without overt sounding out and blending.	Phonics- Checking that the text makes sense to them as they read and correcting inaccurate reading.	Phonics- Explain and discuss their understanding of books, poems and other material, both those that they listen to and those that they read for themselves.
	Fiction – narrative and setting description Non-fiction – instructional text, non-chronological report	Fiction – Narrative Non-fiction – Letters, persuasive adverts, instructional text	<u>Fiction</u> – Poetry, narrative <u>Non-fiction</u> – Non-chronological report, letters.
	<u>Grammar</u> - Capital letters, full stops, adjectives, conjunctions and adverbs.	<u>Grammar-</u> Question, exclamation, command and statement, apostrophes	Grammar- Commas in a list, present simple/progressive

